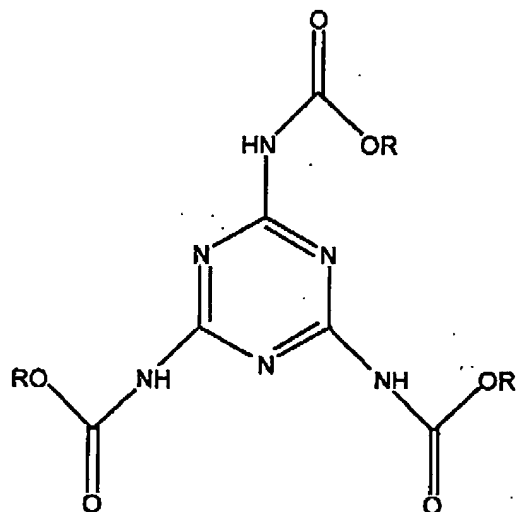


1. (Currently Amended) A method of coating a substrate to maximize capture of a compound of Formula I from wastewater, comprising steps of:

(a) providing a thermosetting composition comprising a compound of Formula I



an oligomer thereof, or both, wherein each R is independently selected from the group consisting of alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, and alkylaryl groups and wherein the R groups have, on average, five or more carbon atoms, with the proviso that the compound is a solid when the R groups have, on average, fewer than six carbon atoms;

(b) spraying the thermosetting composition onto the substrate in a spray booth where overspray of the composition containing compound of Formula I results from the spraying,

(c) capturing the overspray with a spray booth water wash,

(d) removing spray booth water wash as waste water and

(e) removing the compound of Formula I from the waste water.

2. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein each R has six to eighteen carbon atoms.

3. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein each R has six to eight carbon atoms,

4. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein at least one R comprises an oxygen atom.

5. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1, wherein the thermosetting composition ~~comprising~~ comprises an oligomer of compound (I).
6. (Original) The method of claim 5, wherein the oligomer is an isocyanurate.
7. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein each R is independently selected from the group consisting of hexyl, 2-ethylhexyl, heptyl, and octyl groups.
8. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the thermosetting composition is a clearcoat coating composition.
9. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the thermosetting composition further comprises an isocyanate-reactive material.
10. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the thermosetting composition further comprises an hydroxyl-functional material.
11. (Original) The method of claim 10, wherein the hydroxyl-functional material is selected from the group consisting of acrylic polymers, polyurethane polymers and oligomers, polyester polymers and oligomers, and combinations thereof.
12. (Original) The method of claim 10, wherein the thermosetting composition further comprises at least one additional crosslinker selected from the group consisting of aminoplast resins and blocked isocyanate resin crosslinkers other than compound (i) and other than oligomers of compound (i).
13. (Original) The method of claim 10, wherein the compound (I), oligomer thereof, or both is from about 2% to about 40% by weight of the nonvolatile vehicle of the thermosetting composition.

14. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the substrate is an automotive vehicle or part thereof.